



The Leys Primary and Nursery School

First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

(See Appendix 2 for Corona Virus Outbreak amendments)

1 Provision of First Aiders

1.1 The school has members of staff with the First Aid at Work, Paediatric First Aid, and Playground First Aid qualifications. Staff are invited to refresh their first aid training at school every three years.

1.2 In the School Office and First Aid Room there is a list of all First Aiders (**appendix 1**)

All classrooms have a **Portable Bag** for minor injuries; and a **Plastic Box** for pupils with Medical Needs. Other minor first aid equipment is kept in the First Aid room.

2 First Aid Boxes and Bags

2.1 They are regularly restocked by the class Teaching Assistants and MSAs.

3 Contents of Boxes

3.1 First Aid boxes and bags must **NOT** contain drugs of any kind including Aspirin or similar pain killers and such medicines must **NOT** be issued to staff or pupils as there is a danger of adverse reaction in some cases. First aid boxes must **NOT** contain antiseptic creams or liquids etc. which may aggravate injuries in some cases, only antiseptic wipes.

3.2 Sterile First Aid dressings should be packaged in such a way as to allow the user to apply the dressing to a wound without touching that part which has come into direct contact with the wound. The part of the dressing that comes into direct contact with the wound should be absorbent. There should be a bandage or other fixture attached to the dressings. Blunt scissors are kept in the box to cut clothing if necessary.

3.3 Disposable plastic gloves are provided near the first aid materials and must be properly stored and checked regularly to ensure they remain in good condition.

3.4 Plastic disposable bags are provided for soiled or used first aid dressings.

4 Administrating First Aid

To FGB May 20 – Appendix added for Corona Outbreak



The Leys Primary and Nursery School

First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

- 4.1** Any member of staff may administer first aid on minor injuries, following county guidelines. For more serious injuries, the named first aiders should be called for.
- 4.2** MSAs are responsible for dealing with minor injuries at lunchtime. First Aiders are available to respond to other more serious injuries.
- 4.3** First aiders must always cover any exposed cuts or abrasions they may have with waterproof dressings before treating a casualty, whether or not any infection is suspected. They must wash their hands before and after applying dressings.
- 4.4** Whenever blood or other bodily fluids have to be mopped up, disposable plastic gloves and an apron must always be worn and paper towels used. These items must then be placed in plastic bags and safely deposited of, in the black and yellow bin in the disabled toilet. Clothing may be cleaned in an ordinary washing machine using the hot cycle. The area in which any spills have occurred should be disinfected using one part of Shield concentrate diluted with ten parts of water.
- 4.5** If direct contact with another person's blood or other body fluids occurs the area must be washed as soon as possible with ordinary soap and water. Clean cold tap water should be used if the lips, mouth, tongue, eyes or broken skin are affected and medical advice sought. Particular care should be taken when treating sporting injuries and the 'bucket and sponge' method of treatment must **not** be used.
- 4.6** Children who have been treated by an adult for more serious injuries should have an accident letter sent home to the parents.

5 Head Injuries

5.1 Injuries to the head need to be treated with particular care. Any evidence of loss of balance, disorientation, double vision, slurred speech or other malfunction of the senses may indicate serious injury, and medical advice must be sought without delay. **Parents are informed, the child is given a bumped head sticker and a bumped head letter is sent home for any child sustaining a head injury. In the event of a serious injury, the emergency services and parents would be contacted.**

6 Serious Injuries

6.1 In the case of serious or potential serious injuries, the Ambulance Service must be called at the earliest possible time and to avoid the danger of inappropriate diagnosis or treatment. The parents should be called immediately. A member of staff should not drive the child to the hospital



First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

unless there is no alternative solution for the child to receive the correct medical attention. They must have appropriate insurance cover.

7 Reporting – Accidents & Injuries

7.1 A record is kept of any first aid treatment given. All incidents, injuries, head injuries, ailments and treatment are reported in the accident book, kept in the first aid room (for pupils) and the school office (for staff). Parents will be informed of serious injuries immediately.

Minor injuries involving a pupil are recorded locally; major pupil injuries are reported to the LA via the online HCC incident form. All employee injuries, no matter how minor are also reported to the LA via HCC online incident form. Some major injuries may also need to be reported under Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 1995 (RIDDOR) (see appendix 2 – Accident Reporting flow chart)

8 Administering Medicines

8.1 Parents should keep children at home when they are actually unwell. There is no legal duty which requires school staff to administer medication, this is a voluntary role. Staff who provide support for pupils with medical needs, or who volunteer to administer medication, receive training and support from the School Health Advisor, Headteacher, and parents. They have access to information and training, and reassurance about their legal liability. He or she should also be aware of the possible side effects of the medication and what to do if they occur. The public liability insurance provides cover for any member of staff, whether teaching or non-teaching, who administers drugs and medicines in an emergency, provided that they have been given the appropriate training.

Before any staff administers medication the parents must have signed the Administration of Medication Form with the disclaimer.

9 Short Term Medical needs

9.1 Medication should only be taken to school when absolutely essential. Most medications can be taken before and after school.

10 Non-Prescription Medication

10.1 Non prescribed medication will only be administered at school:

- Where we have a letter from a Doctor stating that the pupil may require a certain medication at school but that it is a medication that can no longer be prescribed by GPs (such as paracetamol) and



The Leys Primary and Nursery School

First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

- Where it would be detrimental to the pupil's health or school attendance if they were not able to have the named medication and
- Where we have parents' written consent
- A member of staff should notify the parents by phone that their child has requested medication and supervise the pupil taking the medication if the parents have agreed to it being taken.

The school will only accept medicines that are:

- In-date
- Labelled
- Provided in the original container, as dispensed by the pharmacist, and include instructions for administration, dosage and storage

The school will accept insulin that is inside an insulin pen or pump or individual cartridge rather than its original container, but it must be in date.

11 Information about medical needs

11.1 On the Pupil Information Sheet parents complete information about a child's medical needs. Parents should give information about their child's asthma, particularly in terms of known triggers with the name of their medication. This information is stored in the school office.

11.2 Parents are responsible for supplying information about medicines that their child's needs to take at school and for letting the school know of any changes to the prescription or support needed. The parent or doctor should provide in written details including

- Name of medication
- Dose
- Method of administration
- Time and frequency of administration
- Other treatment
- Any side effects

11.3 Individual Health Care Plans will be created for those children with more complex medical needs; such as diabetes or anaphylaxis. The health care plan is a written agreement with parents which identifies the necessary safety measures that need to be put into place to support pupils with medical needs and ensure they are not put at risk.

12 Sending in Medication (locked fridge or locked first aid cabinet)



First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

12.1 Parents should bring the prescribed medication and complete the record of medication administered form to an individual child form in the school office.

12.2 Medicines should be supplied in a container that is labelled with the name of the pupil, the name and dose of the drug and the frequency of the administration. Where a pupil needs two or more prescribed medicines, each should be in a separate container.

12.3 Ritalin should be sent in, and kept in, the original container. The containers must be clearly labelled with the pharmacist's instructions. The Ritalin form (MED 4) must be completed by both the parent/carer and the member of staff handing over the dose.

13 Record Keeping

13.1 When a child needs medication, their parents should be given Administration of Medication form, which records the details of medication to be given.

13.2 Staff should complete and sign the Record of Medication form each time they give medicine to a pupil. Staff should seek to ensure that the dose specified on the container/form is administered

13.3 No pupil is to be given medication without their parent's written consent. Any member of staff giving medicine to a pupil should check

- Written instructions provided by parent/doctor
- Expiry date

14 Storing Medication

14.1 Asthma Inhalers (plastic box with photos)

Immediate access to inhalers at all times is vital, and therefore it is essential that, wherever possible, children have their medication with them. Children carry their own inhalers (if needed KS2) or they are stored in an agreed place. For severe sufferers it may be appropriate to ask parents to supply a labelled spare and keep it centrally in the classroom. It is the parents responsibility to keep this up to date. **Please see separate asthma policy for more detailed information.**

14.2 Epipens are stored in a box within the classroom with the child's picture on.

Other prescribed medications must be handed to a responsible member of staff on arrival. Medication will be securely stored in a locked First Aid Cabinet



The Leys Primary and Nursery School

First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

(School Business Manager's Office) or a locked medical fridge (Food Technology Room), which will be accessed by the named First Aiders. All medicines will be clearly labelled.

15 Access to medication

15.1 Pupils should know where their medication is stored and who holds the key. It is important to make sure that medicines are only accessible to those for whom they are prescribed.

16 Disposal of Medicines

16.1 School staff should not dispose of medicines. Parents should collect medicines held at school at the end of each term. Parents are responsible for disposal of date-expired medicines.

17 Emergency Procedures

17.1 All staff must know how to call the emergency services. All staff should also know who is responsible for carrying out emergency procedures should the need arise

18 Self Management

18.1 We encourage pupils, who can be trusted to do so, to manage their own medication from a relatively early age. If pupils can take their medication themselves, staff must supervise this. Pupils cannot be responsible for storing their own medication.

19 Refusing Medication

19.1 If pupils refuse to take medication, staff should not force them to do so. The school must inform the child's parents as a matter of urgency. If necessary, the school should call the emergency services. A failure on the part of the child to co-operate to take their Ritalin may mean that a judgement needs to be made about whether a particular activity is advisable on health and safety grounds. This ensures Duty of Care towards that individual or other children.

20 Long Term Medical Needs



First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

20.1 It is important the school has sufficient information about the medical condition of any pupil with long term medical needs. For pupils who attend hospital appointments on a regular basis, special arrangements may also be necessary. For a pupil with medical needs the school should work with the parents, the school nurse and follow County guidance, to draw up a health care plan.

21 Intimate or Invasive Treatment

21.1` There is no expectation that staff administer intimate or invasive treatment unless they are entirely willing. The head and governing body should arrange appropriate training for school staff willing to give medical assistance. The school nurse should be contacted in the first instance to arrange this. The school should arrange for two adults, preferably one the same gender as the pupil, to be present for the administration of intimate or invasive treatment as this minimises the potential for accusations of abuse. Two adults also often ease the practical administration of treatment . Staff should protect the dignity of the pupil as far as possible, even in emergencies.

22 Medication on School Trips

22.1 Arrangements for taking any necessary medication will need to be taken into consideration for outside visits. Staff supervising excursions should always be aware of any medical needs and relevant emergency procedures. Staff must carry all medications needed, except inhalers, which are usually carried by the child. Sometimes an additional supervisor or parent might accompany a particular pupil. If staff are concerned about whether they can provide for a pupil's safety, or the safety of other pupils on a trip, they should seek medical advice from School Health Service or the child's GP.

23 Medication and Sport

23.1 Some pupils may need to take precautionary measures before or during exercise, and/or be allowed immediate access to their medication if necessary. Teachers supervising sporting activities should be aware of relevant medical conditions and emergency procedures.

23.2 Some asthmatic children may need to be encouraged to take a puff of their inhaler at the start of a lesson. Children **MUST** take their inhalers to the hall, gym, sports field or swimming pool. Children who say they are getting wheezy should take a rest until they feel better and should **NEVER** be forced to undertake an alternative form of exercise instead.

24 Training



The Leys Primary and Nursery School

First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

24.1 Staff do not need to be qualified first aiders before they can be trained to administer medication. However staff identified should be able to

- Put the child in the recovery position
- Render emergency resuscitation

24.2 When a school admits a child with anaphylaxis, the health service will provide full training for the staff, currently via the local health trust. The need for re- training or further staff training is reviewed on a regular basis, at least annually, and the health service accepts full responsibility for the advice and training given. As part of the training provided, the health service will advise on setting up the procedure to be followed within the school. This will include

- All named staff to be given a copy of this section of the manual and any documentation provided by the health service
- One copy of the documentation to be kept with each medication pack
- Medication to be located in an agreed place, to be checked monthly by an appointed member of staff.



The Leys Primary and Nursery School

First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

Appendix 1

OUR FIRST AIDERS ARE:

First aid at work (3 day course)– St John Ambulance

Lisa Hoskins	Exp -09/01/23
Ashwini Pathak (2 day refresher)	Exp -25/01/2021
Julia Bullen	Exp – 23/01/2021

First aid at work (1 day course) - St John Ambulance

Nicholas Blanch	Exp -12/06/2020
Joanie Garner	EXP 11/06/2022

First aid at work (1 day course) – Principal Training

Lucy Greve	Exp -22/04/2022
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Paediatric First Aid – (12 hour course) HCC/ABC

Louise Caslake	Exp March 2023
Melissa Devonshire	Exp March 2023
Sian Heath	Exp March 2023
Sandra Jones	Exp March 2023
Ros McGregor	Exp March 2023
Denise Milner	Exp March 2023
Tracie Milner	Exp March 2023
Claire Smith	Exp March 2023
Lisa Hoskins	Exp March 2023
Mandy Davies	Exp March 2023
Hayley Whittaker	Exp March 2023

Paediatric First Aid – St Johns Ambulance

Ewa Balaban	EXP – 15/11/2021
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To FGB May 20 – Appendix added for Corona Outbreak



The Leys Primary and Nursery School

First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

Sarah Lea	EXP – 25/02/2022
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School First Aid Workshop – ABC Life Support

Sarah Kindell	EXP – 09/02/2023
Deb Oakley	EXP – 09/02/2023

Appendix 2

First Aid & Administration of Medicines Policy Addendum Coronavirus checklist/risk assessment

Provision of First Aiders

MEASURE TO TAKE	✓
<p>The school will make sure there is the right number of staff with First Aid Qualifications in attendance every day. The following measures are in place:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• The school has always had a high level of trained first aiders and we have had several more staff undertake on-line training to ensure each pod will always have a trained member within their team• EYFS will always have a member of staff in their pods with a paediatric first aid qualification	

PPE Equipment

MEASURE TO TAKE	✓
<p>Prevent the spread of the virus when dealing with sick or injured pupils. The following measures are in place:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• A supply of PPE equipment is kept in each pod – gloves, masks, aprons• Staff must wear PPE equipment when dealing with a sick or injured pupil• Those administering first aid should wear PPE appropriate to the circumstances. Wash hands and ensure the affected area is cleaned upon completion.	

To FGB May 20 – Appendix added for Corona Outbreak



First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

<ul style="list-style-type: none">● It is accepted that 2m social distancing cannot be maintained during the delivery of first aid, but physical contact should be kept to a minimum e.g. pupils apply cold pack, wipe, plaster where able to do so.● Sick pupils will be taken to the meetings room until their parent comes to collect them● After dealing with a sick child staff will remove their PPE equipment and dispose of it safely away from pupils● Staff will wash their hands for 20 seconds after contact with the ill pupil and after removing the PPE equipment● A staff member of the pod will contact the main office who will contact the parent to come and pick up their child asap● The admin office should be called to notify them if a child is being sent home● Cleaning materials and alcohol hand sanitiser will be kept in each pod and objects or surfaces that are visibly contaminated with body fluids will be cleaned● Items that cannot be cleaned with detergents should be steam cleaned● Items that are heavily soiled or contaminated with body fluid will be disposed● Staff cleaning these objects/surfaces must wear PPE equipment	
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First Aid Kits

MEASURE TO TAKE	✓
<p>To ensure there is adequate first aid equipment - the following is in place:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Each pod has their own first aid kit● TAs will regularly check their First Aid kit and inform the Site Manager if any items need replenishing● Instant ice packs have been purchased to add to each first aid kit, ice packs will also be kept in the freezer compartment of the food tech room medical fridge and the nurture group classroom fridge● Non-contact infrared thermometers have been purchased	



First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

Pupils with Care Plans/Medication/Asthma

MEASURE TO TAKE	✓
<p>Pupils with Medication/Care plans</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Each pod will have care plans for any of their pupils in their pod who have school care-plans in place• Pupils will be in pods with their usual teacher or TA who are aware of their conditions and medical needs• Teachers will share the care plans with any member of staff who does not usually work in the class• If a child has medication kept in school this will be kept in the pod in a secure place out of reach of pupils• The member of staff administering the medication must fill in the administration of medicine form which is kept with the medication stating the dose and time the medication was administered• No new medication should be taken from parents unless a member of SLT has approved this and parents have completed and signed the Administration of Medication form <p>Asthma</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Each pod will check that they have an inhaler which is in date for any of their pupils with asthma, parents to be called and asked to bring in an inhaler if necessary• The school has emergency inhalers as a backup (a spacer must be used when using the emergency inhaler which will be cleaned thoroughly after use – instructions for washing the spacer will be in the box)	

Reporting Accidents & Injuries

MEASURE TO TAKE
<p>A record must be kept of any first aid treatment given – the following is in place:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Each pod has a folder with blank forms, bumped head stickers etc.



The Leys Primary and Nursery School

First Aid and Administration of Medicines Policy 2020-2021

- Once completed the reports should be kept together in a folder in the classroom
- More serious pupil injuries (where a pupil is taken straight to hospital for treatment) and all staff injuries (even minor) need to be reported to HCC – A member of staff in the pod where the injury/accident has occurred must call the office who will complete the injury book and the Business Manager will fill in the online HCC report
- If a child bumps their head the usual procedure must be followed, a member of staff in the pod must ring the school office so a bumped head text can be sent home